**END OF EXAMINATION**

**Answer Key**

* + 1. **E-Unit 1**
    2. **D-Unit 3**
    3. **E-Unit 4**
    4. **E-Unit 5**
    5. **A-Unit 6**
    6. **C-Unit 7**
    7. **E-Unit 8**
    8. **E-Unit 9**
    9. **D-Unit 1**
    10. **B-Unit 3**
    11. **E-Unit 4**
    12. **A-Unit 5**
    13. **C-Unit 6**
    14. **C-Unit 7**
    15. **E-Unit 8**
    16. **B-Unit 9**
    17. **A-Unit 1**
    18. **E-Unit 3**
    19. **A-Unit 4**
    20. **E-Unit 5**
    21. **A-Unit 6**
    22. **B-Unit 7**
    23. **B-Unit 8**
    24. **C-Unit 9**
    25. **D-Unit 2**
    26. **E-Unit 3**
    27. **C-Unit 4**
    28. **B-Unit 5**
    29. **E-Unit 6**
    30. **C-Unit 7**
    31. **D-Unit 8**
    32. **C-Unit 9**
    33. **C-Unit 2**
    34. **A-Unit 3**
    35. **E-Unit 4**
    36. **C-Unit 5**
    37. **A-Unit 6**
    38. **B-Unit 7**
    39. **A-Unit 8**
    40. **B-Unit 9**
    41. **A- Unit 2**
    42. **A-Unit 3**
    43. **B-Unit 4**
    44. **E-Unit 5**
    45. **E-Unit 6**
    46. **E-Unit 7**
    47. **C-Unit 8**
    48. **A-Unit 9**
    49. **E-Unit 2**
    50. **D-Unit 3**
    51. **E-Unit 4**
    52. **A-Unit 5**
    53. **A- Unit 6**
    54. **E- Unit 7**
    55. **A-Unit 8**
    56. **C-Unit 9**
    57. **B-Unit 2**
    58. **C-Unit 3**
    59. **C-Unit 4**
    60. **E-Unit 5**
    61. **A-Unit 6**
    62. **C-Unit 7**
    63. **A- Unit 8**
    64. **B-Unit 10**
    65. **B-Unit 2**
    66. **E-Unit 3**
    67. **E-Unit4**
    68. **B-Unit 5**
    69. **E-Unit 6**
    70. **A-Unit 7**
    71. **C-Unit 8**
    72. **C-Unit 10**
    73. **E-Unit 2**
    74. **B-Unit 3**
    75. **C-Unit 4**
    76. **E-Unit 5**
    77. **B-Unit 6**
    78. **B-Unit 7**
    79. **B-Unit 8**
    80. **E-Unit 10**

DBQ Outline Answer:

* For full points, the answer should include, but may not be limited to, the following topics:
  + Colonists believed that their rights and the Rights of an Englishman had been violated on various occasions
    - Colonies lacked representation in British Parliament (“Taxation Without Representation”)
    - The right to trial by jury of peers
    - The forced quartering of troops in one’s home
    - Cruel and unusual punishments
    - The right to free speech and the right to protest
  + Various British legislation imposed on colonists
    - Navigation Acts
      * Forced colonists to import and export to Britain, instead of other more profitable locations
      * Molasses Act of 1773 levied huge duties on the trade of sugar from French West Indies, forcing colonists to purchase sugar from the more expensive British West Indies
    - Western Frontier
      * Proclamation of 1763 confined colonists to the land east of the Appalachian Mountains and limited expansion of colonies
      * Quebec Act in 1774 bestowed the people of the new Canadian province of Quebec with several rights that the colonists had always pined for and were still denied. It also denied the colonists land in Canada.
    - Several new taxes
      * Sugar Act
      * Currency Act
      * Stamp Act
      * Townshend Act
  + Reaction by colonists
    - Boston Massacre (1770): colonists organized a boycott of British goods to protest the tax increases. In Boston a mob surrounded a group of British soldiers. The mob grew to threatening proportions and the soldiers fired on the citizens, killing five.
    - The Boston Tea Party (1773): colonists protested the Tea Act by boarding ships in the Boston Harbor and destroyed crates of tea by throwing them into the sea.
      * Intolerable Acts (1774)
        + Boston Port Act: closed the Boston Harbor until the East India Company had been repaid for the destruction of the tea in the Boston Tea Party
        + Massachusetts Government Act: almost all positions in colonial government would now be appointed by the King of England
        + Administration of Justice Act: allowed the governor to move trials to other colonies or even Great Britain, which allowed British officials to earn lenient punishments and rebel colonists suffered cruel and harsh punishments
        + Quartering Act: allowed the governor to house troops in other buildings, if the colonists did not house the troops
* The answer should include support from the documents which could have been used as listed below:
  + Document A: Proclamation of 1763
    - Forbade colonists from settling west of Appalachian Mountains
    - Limited expansion of colonists
  + Document B & C: “Taxation Without Representation”
    - Colonists had no representation in British Parliament
    - Parliament continued to levy additional taxes on the colonies
  + Document D: Stamp Act
    - One of the several tax increases levied on the colonists by Britain
    - Created agitation and protest amongst colonists
  + Document E: Boston Massacre
    - The cruel actions of Britain against colonists (5 colonists dead, 0 British troops)
    - Colonists were just protesting British legislation and boycotting British goods
  + Document F: Boston Tea Party
    - Colonists boarded ships in Boston Harbor and destroyed crates of tea in protest of Tea Act
    - Led to creation of Intolerable Acts
  + Document G: Quebec Act
    - rights to people in Quebec, a brand new province, rights that the colonists pined for and were still denied
    - Colonists saw Quebec as a British province that was created to stem the expansion of the colonies
  + Document H: Tar and Feather
    - Colonists despised Tea Act and Stamp Act
    - Colonists protested that they were being deprived of their rights
  + Document I: Declaration of Independence
    - Lists clear reasons of why the colonies wanted to separate from Britain, including quartering troops, unfair trials, increased taxes (Navigation Acts), “Taxation without Representation”, etc.

Essay Questions Answers

Things to cover in the essay

Question 1

1. Washington
   1. Neutrality Declaration 1789
   2. Farewell Address
   3. “The model president”
   4. isolationism
2. Jefferson
   1. Louisiana Purchase
   2. Remained neutral during Napoleonic War
   3. Tripolitan War
3. Monroe
   1. Spanish Florida
   2. Proposition from Great Britain
   3. Monroe Doctrine

Question 2

1. New England
   1. Poor treated unfairly
      1. Debtors prison
   2. Women had few rights
      1. Not allowed to hold property unless unmarried/widowed
   3. Little/noslaves but thought it was justified
2. Middle Colonies
   1. Established “almshouse” for the poor
   2. Condemned slavery harshly
   3. Women were equals to men

Question 4

1. Compromise of1850
2. Kansas-Nebraska Act
3. Bleeding Kansas
4. Lecompton Constitution
5. Stephen A. Douglas
6. Manifest Destiny
7. Expansionism
8. “Beecher’s Bible”
9. Border ruffians
10. Lawrence, Kansas
11. John Brown’s Raid

Question 4

1. Dollar Diplomacy
2. Open Door Policy
3. Roosevelt Corollary
4. Alfred Maher
5. Aggressive foreign policy
6. Spanish-American War
7. Panama Canal

Source: Kaplan U.S History 2010 Edition